



The
University
Of
Sheffield.

MAS346

SCHOOL OF MATHEMATICS AND STATISTICS

**Spring Semester
2015–2016**

MAS346 Groups and Symmetry

2 hours 30 minutes

Attempt all the questions. The allocation of marks is shown in brackets.

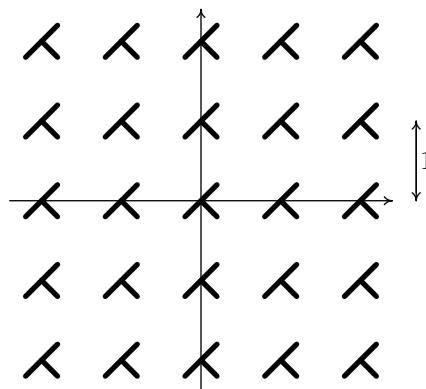
**Please leave this exam paper on your desk
Do not remove it from the hall**

Registration number from U-Card (9 digits)
to be completed by student

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

Blank

- 1 (i) Define the set Isom_n of isometries of \mathbf{R}^n and show that it is closed under composition and taking inverses. (7 marks)
- (ii) Define $\psi : \text{Isom}_n \rightarrow O_n$ and show that it is a homomorphism. (3 marks)
- (iii) The kernel of ψ is given by the translations $T_a : x \mapsto x + a$ for $a \in \mathbf{R}^n$. Prove that for any $f \in \text{Isom}_n$ we have $fT_af^{-1} = T_{\psi(f)a}$. (4 marks)
- (iv) This part concerns plane isometries, i.e. $n = 2$.
- (a) Define the elements R_θ, S_θ of O_2 . (2 marks)
- (b) Give an explicit formula for $R_{\theta,a}$, the rotation by angle θ about $a \in \mathbf{R}^2$, and determine $\psi(R_{\theta,a})$. (2 marks)
- (c) Let A be an element of O_2 with $\det(A) = -1$. Prove that $A = S_\theta$ for some θ . (4 marks)
- (d) Let $f \in \text{Isom}_2$ with $\det(\psi(f)) = -1$. Show that f^2 is a translation. (3 marks)
- 2 (i) For any subgroup $H \leq \text{Isom}_2$ we defined its point group $\psi(H) \leq O_2$ and translation subgroup $\text{Trans}(H) \leq \mathbf{R}^2$. Explain which properties $\psi(H)$ and $\text{Trans}(H)$ need to satisfy for H to be a wallpaper group. (3 marks)
- (ii) Let G be the isometry group of the infinite wallpaper pattern, a portion of which is illustrated below. (A copy of the diagram on white paper is provided; if you wish, you may write on it and hand it in with your answer.)



- (a) Describe geometrically *all* the translations, reflections and rotations (if any) in G . State clearly the vectors of any translations, lines of any reflections, and the centres and angles of any rotations. Specify one more element of G that is not a translation, rotation or reflection. (8 marks)
- (b) Find a list of three isometries that generate G . Justify your answer. (10 marks)
- (c) Find n and θ such that $\psi(G)$ is equal to $R_\theta D_n R_\theta^{-1}$. Justify your answer. (4 marks)

- 3**
- (i) (a) Give the definition of the action of a group G on a set X . *(3 marks)*
 - (b) Given a group action explain how to define the corresponding map $\phi : G \rightarrow S(X)$ and prove that it is a homomorphism taking values in $S(X)$. *(5 marks)*
 - (ii) Let a group G act on a set X .
 - (a) Show that this induces a group action of G on the set of subsets of X by the rule $g * N := gN = \{gn | n \in N\}$ for $N \subseteq X$. *(4 marks)*
 - (b) If G is a group with more than one element acting on itself by left multiplication then show that $g * N$ does not induce an action on the set of subgroups of G . *(3 marks)*
 - (iii) Prove that the symmetry group of a regular tetrahedron centered at the origin is isomorphic to S_4 . *(6 marks)*
 - (iv) Describe a subset of \mathbf{R}^2 consisting of only two lines whose symmetry group is D_4 . Write down all rotations and reflections preserving your subset. *(4 marks)*
- 4**
- (i) State the Sylow theorems. You should carefully define all the terms and notation used. *(5 marks)*
 - (ii) Let G be a group of order 91.
 - (a) Show that G has a normal subgroup N of order 13. *(3 marks)*
 - (b) G also has a normal subgroup P of order 7 (no proof required). Prove that

$$pnp^{-1}n^{-1} = e \text{ for all } p \in P, n \in N.$$
(4 marks)
 - (c) Define a function $\phi : P \times N \rightarrow G$ by $\phi(x, y) = xy$. Prove that ϕ is an isomorphism of groups. *(6 marks)*
 - (iii) (a) Give the definition of a simple group. *(2 marks)*
 - (b) By considering the conjugation action of G on the set of Sylow 3-subgroups show that there is no simple group of order 36. *(5 marks)*

End of Question Paper

Diagram for Question 2

Your registration number: _____

