



The
University
Of
Sheffield.

MAS332

SCHOOL OF MATHEMATICS AND STATISTICS

**Autumn Semester
2017-2018**

Complex Analysis

2 hours 30 minutes

*Answer **four** questions. If you answer more than four questions, only your best four will be counted.*

- 1** (i) State, without proof, the triangle inequalities for $|z + w|$ and $|z - w|$.
(2 marks)

- (a) Show that for all z on the circle $|z| = 1$,

$$\frac{1}{3} \leq \left| \frac{1}{2z + 1} \right| \leq 1. \quad (3 \text{ marks})$$

- (b) Show that, for all z on the circle $|z - 2| = 3$,

$$\frac{1}{7} \leq \left| \frac{1}{z + 2} \right| \leq 1. \quad (4 \text{ marks})$$

- (ii) Find all the solutions of the equation

$$e^{2z} + 1 + \sqrt{3}i = 0. \quad (3 \text{ marks})$$

- (iii) Find all the solutions of the equation

$$\cosh z = -3. \quad (3 \text{ marks})$$

(iv) The path γ consists of the straight line segment from 0 to i followed by the straight line segment from i to $1 + i$. Thus γ is the path γ_1 followed by the path γ_2 , where γ_1 is given by $z = it (0 \leq t \leq 1)$ and γ_2 is given by $z = t + i (0 \leq t \leq 1)$.

- (a) Evaluate

$$\int_{\gamma} \bar{z} dz. \quad (7 \text{ marks})$$

- (b) Evaluate

$$\int_{\gamma} (4z^3 \sinh z^2 + 2z^5 \cosh z^2) dz. \quad (3 \text{ marks})$$

- 2 (i) Define what is meant by the following three statements:
- (a) D is a region in the complex plane;
 - (b) The function f is differentiable at a point z_0 ;
 - (c) The function f is analytic in the region D . *(4 marks)*

State, without proof, the Cauchy-Riemann equations for a differentiable function. *(2 marks)*

(ii) In each of the following cases, decide whether there is a function g analytic on \mathbb{C} such that $\operatorname{Re}[g(x + iy)] = u(x, y)$. When g exists find an explicit expression for $g(z)$ in terms of z

- (a) $u(x, y) = y^2 - x^2$, *(1 mark)*
- (b) $u(x, y) = y^2 + x^2$, *(1 mark)*
- (c) $u(x, y) = \sin x \cosh y - 2 \cos x \sinh y$. *(7 marks)*

(iii) Let γ be the circular contour $|z| = 2$ described in the positive direction. Prove that

$$\left| \int_{\gamma} \frac{\bar{z}}{5 + 2iz} dz \right| \leq 8\pi. \quad (4 \text{ marks})$$

(iv) Let $H = \{z \in \mathbb{C} : \operatorname{Re} z > 0\}$. Show that

$$\int_{\alpha} \frac{\cosh z}{\sinh z} dz = \ln \left(\frac{e^2 + 1}{e} \right) \quad (6 \text{ marks})$$

for all paths α in the half plane H which have initial point 1 and final point 2.

3 (i) State, without proof, Cauchy's Theorem and Cauchy's Integral Formulae for a function and for its derivatives. Your statement should include conditions under which the results are valid. *(7 marks)*

(ii) Let γ be the circular contour $|z - 2| = 3$ described in the anti-clockwise direction. Without using the Residue Theorem, evaluate

(a) $\int_{\gamma} z^4 \sin(\pi z^2) dz,$

(b) $\int_{\gamma} \frac{e^z}{z^2 - 16} dz,$

(c) $\int_{\gamma} \frac{\cosh 2z}{(z - 1)^5} dz,$

(d) $\int_{\gamma} \operatorname{Im}(z) dz.$

(18 marks)

4 (i) State without proof Liouville's Theorem. *(2 marks)*

(ii) The function f is analytic in \mathbb{C} and satisfies the relation $\text{Im}f(z) \leq -3$ for all $z \in \mathbb{C}$. Show that f is constant. *(5 marks)*

(iii) Explain how Laurent expansions are used to classify isolated singularities. *(5 marks)*

(iv) Find the singularity of the following function in \mathbb{C} . Classify it and find the residue at the singularity.

$$z \sin\left(\frac{1}{z+1}\right)$$

(5 marks)

(v) For each of the following functions, find all the singularities in the complex plane. Classify them and find the Residues at each of them:

(a) $\frac{\cos \pi z}{e^z(2z+1)}$; (b) $\frac{e^z}{1+e^z}$.

(8 marks)

5 (i) State, without proof, Cauchy's Residue Theorem. Your statement should include conditions under which the result is valid. *(4 marks)*

(ii) Let γ be the circular contour $|z| = 3$ described in the anti-clockwise direction. Evaluate

$$\int_{\gamma} \frac{(z+1) \exp(1/z)}{z} dz, \quad (10 \text{ marks})$$

(iii) Prove that

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\cos 2x}{(x^2+4)(x^2+9)} dx = \frac{2\pi}{5} \left(\frac{1}{4e^4} - \frac{1}{6e^6} \right)$$

(11 marks)

End of Question Paper