



The  
University  
Of  
Sheffield.

**MAS5051**

**SCHOOL OF MATHEMATICS AND STATISTICS**

**June 2018**

**MAS5051 Probability and Probability Distributions**

**2 hours**

*RESTRICTED OPEN BOOK EXAMINATION.*

*Candidates may bring to the examination lecture notes and associated lecture material (including set textbooks) plus a calculator that conforms to University regulations.*

*Candidates should attempt **All** questions.*

*The maximum marks for the various parts of the questions are indicated.*

*The paper will be marked out of 80.*

**Please leave this exam paper on your desk  
Do not remove it from the hall**

Registration number from U-Card (9 digits)  
to be completed by student

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- 1 Let  $X$  be a continuous random variable with probability density function given by

$$f_X(x) = \begin{cases} k(1-x)^2 & \text{for } 0 \leq x \leq 1 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

- (i) Find the value of  $k$ . *(4 marks)*
- (ii) Find the distribution function of  $X$ . *(5 marks)*
- (iii) Find  $\mathbb{E}(X)$  and  $\text{Var}(X)$ . *(6 marks)*
- (iv) Let  $Y = \sqrt{1-X}$ , where  $\sqrt{1-X}$  denotes the positive square root of  $1-X$ . Find the probability density function of  $Y$ . *(5 marks)*
- 2 (i) Suppose one card is randomly drawn from a well-shuffled standard pack of 52 playing cards. Let  $A$  be the event that an ace is drawn,  $B$  be the event that a black card is drawn and  $C$  be the event that a club is drawn.
- (a) Give the probabilities of each of the events  $A$ ,  $B$  and  $C$ . *(3 marks)*
- (b) Which of the following statements are true? Give reasons for your answers.
- ( $\alpha$ )  $A$  and  $B$  are independent.
- ( $\beta$ )  $A$  and  $C$  are independent.
- ( $\gamma$ )  $B$  and  $C$  are independent. *(6 marks)*
- (ii) Suppose that in a certain U.S. state 55% of registered voters are Republicans, 35% are Democrats and 10% are Independents. When these voters were surveyed about increased military spending, 25% of Republicans opposed it, 70% of Democrats opposed it and 55% of Independents opposed it.
- (a) What is the probability a randomly selected voter in this state opposes increased military spending? *(3 marks)*
- (b) A registered voter from the state writes a letter to the local paper arguing in favour of increased military spending. What is the probability that this voter is a Democrat? *(3 marks)*

- 3 Two random variables  $U$  and  $V$  have a joint probability mass function as tabulated below.

$p_{U,V}(u, v)$	$u = 0$	$u = 1$	$u = 2$
$v = 0$	0.1	0.05	0.3
$v = 1$	0.05	0.25	0.25

- (i) Find the marginal probability mass functions of  $U$  and  $V$ . *(3 marks)*
  - (ii) If it is known that  $U = 2$ , what is the probability that  $V = 1$ ? *(2 marks)*
  - (iii) Calculate the means of  $U$  and  $V$ . *(3 marks)*
  - (iv) Calculate the covariance between  $U$  and  $V$ . *(4 marks)*
  - (v) Are  $U$  and  $V$  independent? Justify your answer. *(2 marks)*
- 4 100 patients with gastroesophageal reflux disease are treated with a new drug to relieve pain from heartburn. Following treatment, the time  $T_i$  until patient  $i$  next experiences pain from heartburn is recorded. It is assumed that the times are independent and identically distributed with probability density function given by

$$f_{T_i}(t) = \begin{cases} \lambda e^{-\lambda t} & \text{for } t > 0 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

- (i) The doctor treating the patients thinks that there is a 50% chance that a random patient will stay pain free for at least 21 days. Show that the value of  $\lambda$  based on the doctor's judgement is 0.0330 (to four decimal places). *(5 marks)*

- (ii) Using the facts that  $E(T_i) = \frac{1}{\lambda}$  and  $\text{Var}(T_i) = \frac{1}{\lambda^2}$ , find the expectation and variance of

$$\bar{T} = \frac{1}{100} \sum_{i=1}^{100} T_i.$$

*(4 marks)*

- (iii) Explain carefully how to use a Normal approximation to calculate  $P(25 \leq \bar{T} \leq 35)$  approximately. You are given the following R output to complete the calculation.

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> pnorm(1.55, 0, 1)
[1] 0.9394292
> pnorm(1.75, 0, 1)
[1] 0.9599408
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*(5 marks)*

- 5 (i) Let  $\mathbf{Z} = \begin{pmatrix} X \\ Y \end{pmatrix}$  be a random vector with a bivariate normal distribution, with mean vector  $\boldsymbol{\mu} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}$  and covariance matrix  $\Sigma = \begin{pmatrix} 16 & -5 \\ -5 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$ . Let  $U = X + Y$  and  $V = 2X - Y - 3$ . Find the mean vector and covariance matrix of the random vector  $\mathbf{W} = \begin{pmatrix} U \\ V \end{pmatrix}$  and hence state the distribution of  $\mathbf{W}$ . *(9 marks)*

- (ii) A Markov chain  $(X_n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}}$  with state space  $\{1, 2, 3\}$  has transition probability matrix  $P$  where

$$P = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} & 0 & \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{3}{4} & \frac{1}{4} & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

and initial distribution  $\pi_1^{(0)} = \frac{1}{2}$ ,  $\pi_2^{(0)} = 0$  and  $\pi_3^{(0)} = \frac{1}{2}$ .

- (a) Calculate  $P^2$ . Hence, what is  $P(X_5 = 1 | X_3 = 3)$ ? *(4 marks)*
- (b) Calculate the distribution of  $X_2$ . *(4 marks)*

**End of Question Paper**